Christina Schmidt

Coordinator for sustainable food management with uniform central monitoring of measures for Vienna hospital association

Kitchen Management Director Hospital Hietzing with Neurological Center Rosenhügel, Vienna

Webinar | Sustainable food is healthy food: Food strategies in healthcare





The Vienna Hospital Association ...

- one of Europe's largest healthcare organisations and
- Austria's largest training facility for professional healthcare

Is	responsible for	 → 9 hospitals: (incl. The General Hospital Medical University Campus → 7 residential nursing homes and 3 geriatric centers + the socio-therapeutic center in Ybbs 						
Er	mployees	→ Approx. 30.000 people (coming from 70 Nations; approx. 72 % female)						
/	royides service for bout	 → Approx. 395.000 inpatients per year → Approx. 3,2 mill. Outpatients per year 						
Fc	ood Budget	 → Approx 18 Mill. Euro → Approx 61% have been uniformly regulated 						



Certification organic food

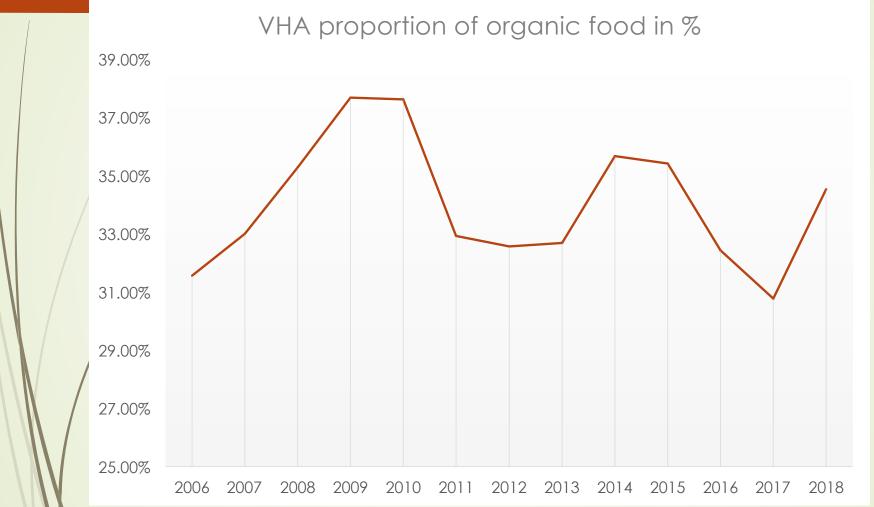
 All kitchens in hospitals of the Vienna Hospital Association have been certified by the Austria Bio Garantie, since 2008







VHA proportion of organic food in %





VHA Sustainable strategy

- VHA's sustainability strategy includes a sustainable menu with a split into a summer and winter plan, a seasonal purchase of fruit and vegetables and a resource-saving use of meat.
- The SDGs 12 for food waste are taken into account
- Responsible, economical handling of high quality food is a necessary basis in large-scaled kitchens
- WHA has also been working for many years to reduce waste in bread and bakery products





Our Nutrition Projects since 2002 - in Hospital Hietzing

Project Reduction of Food Waste – ongoing evaluation since 2002								
Project Biofair II (2005)	Analysis of large-scale kitchens at the City of Vienna towards increasing the organic food share							
Project Möve I + II (2007)	Options to reduce the amount of purchased food without decreasing supply quality in large-scale kitchens							
Project Vera I + II (2008)	Evaluation of diet efficiency and its effect on the food waste generation at the Hietzing Hospital A program from the City of Vienna for sustainable nutrition							
"natürlich gut! Teller"	and reducing the greenhouse gas emissions. the Climate Protection Program at the City of Vienna, has been developed.							
Project Umbesa (2012-2014)	Sustainable Menus – Implementation of sustainability in large-scale kitchens with regard to regional, seasonal and organic food and freshly prepared meals							



Activities in our FOOD WASTE Projects

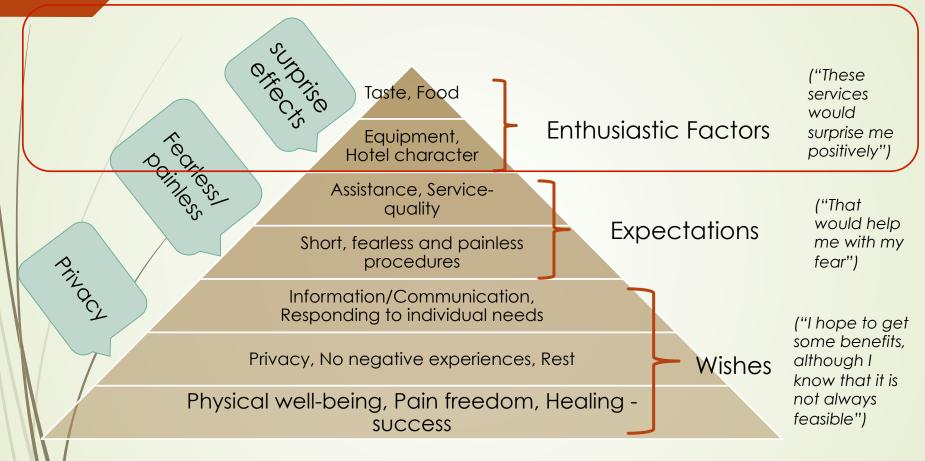


- Monitoring: Recipe pool & Portion sizes: are periodic revised
- Cooking on demand (if possible)
- Compensation of production quantities in the employee canteen
- Black bread and wholegrain bread may be given to patients on the second day as "fresh"
- Range Optimizing: from 4 to 3 types by baked goods
- Ongøing optimization: Modify the menus
- Mønitoring of Stations ordering
- Statistic-Information (periodic): about the consumption of breakfast ingredients, bread and pastries
- Communications project: Chefs routinely visit 1-2 / year each station
- Department meeting: Interdisciplinary discussion about the food (supply) with kitchen management, department head and the responsible dietitian



Hierarchy of Needs - Pyramid patients

page 8



Core needs of patients:
Freedom from anxiety and pain as well as intimacy



Reasons why patients do not eat

page 9

Medical reasons:

- Because of nausea / vomiting
- Fatigue
- Deficit of appetite or loss
- Motoric restrictions (= support necessary)
- Dysphagia (= difficulty swallowing or disturbing)

Type of food distribution:

- Portion size (too much on the plate)
- Food was too hot / cold

Daxbeck, Niedermayr, Fülöp, Neumayer: Projekt "Vera II", November 2010

Aesthetics / personal feelings:

- Optics
- Taste
- Smell

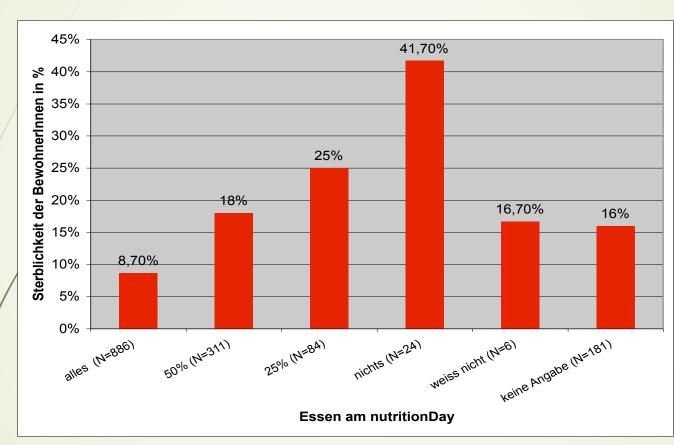
Administrative reasons:

- Medical examination: Meal failed
- Disturbance by visit, instructions and suchlike
- Surgical preparation



Behavior and Mortality





n = 1492 $X^2 = 56,3$ p < 0,0001

www.nutritionDay.org



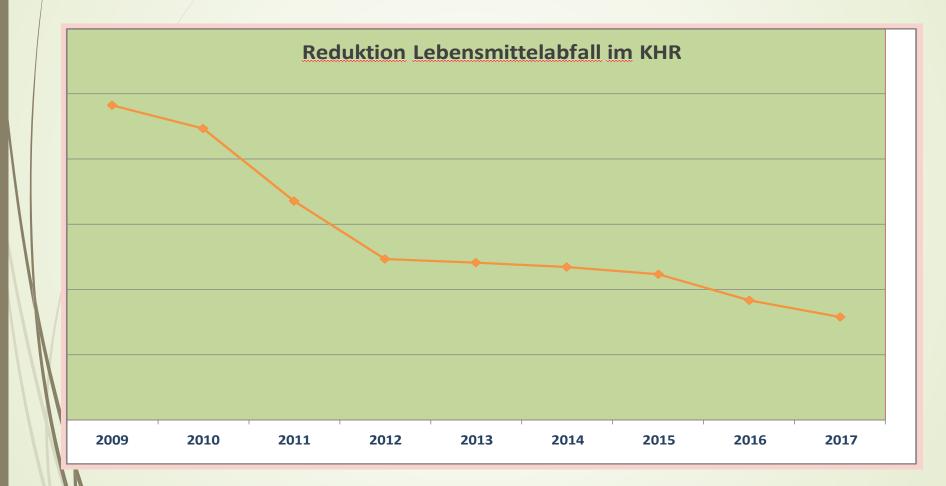
Name	Name ERNÄHRUNGS- UND TRINKPROTOKOLL Bei Mangelernährung und/oder Risiko bzw. Wadenumfang unter 31 cm									KH HIETZING NZ ROSENHÜGEL										
				Jahr 2016 Monat									zeichen Esslöffel				9]_	1	J
Dat.		ml Flüssigkeit	Kostforn	m / Nahrung	Gegessen von 1 ganze Portion mit Kreuz markie						Dat.		ml Flüssigkeit	Kostform / Nahrung	Gegessen von 1 ganzen Portion mit Kreuz markieren					
Uz	Hz	oral			Ø	EL	0	•	•	•	Uz Hz		oral		Ø	EL	0	•	•	•
<u> </u>			 		<u> </u>	—	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	\bigsqcup		<u> </u>				\square	\square			
			├──		 	┼	-	├─	├─	\vdash		-				\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	
\vdash			\vdash			\vdash	\vdash	\vdash		\vdash						\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	
<u> </u>		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	—	<u> </u>	↓	<u> </u>	\bigsqcup		<u> </u>							\sqcup	
⊢—		 	├──		-	┼	-	├─	├─	\vdash		-			 	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	
		 	\vdash		\vdash	+	\vdash	├─	-	\vdash		├─				\vdash	\vdash		\vdash	
\vdash						\vdash	\vdash	\vdash		\vdash						\Box				
Su	mme										Su	mme								
2.4						=	=	=		\equiv	2.4					_		=		三
Dat.	ı	ml oral	Kostform	n / Nahrung	Ø	EL	0	•	•	•	Dat.		ml oral	Kostform / Nahrung	Ø	EL	0	•	•	•
\vdash			├──		├─	\vdash	-	├─	 	\vdash		\vdash			 	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\dashv
			 		\vdash	+-	\vdash	_	\vdash	\vdash		\vdash				\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\dashv
			İ																	
<u> </u>		ļ	↓		<u> </u>	—	<u> </u>	├	 	\sqcup					<u> </u>	\longmapsto	igwdown	\vdash	\longmapsto	
<u> </u>			├──		 	┼	-	├─	 	\vdash		\vdash			 	$\vdash\vdash\vdash$	$\vdash\vdash$	$\vdash\vdash$	\vdash	
\vdash			\vdash		\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash		\vdash			\vdash	$\vdash\vdash$	$\vdash\vdash$	$\vdash\vdash$	\vdash	
					\vdash	\vdash			\vdash							\square				
Summe		4			1		1	1	1 7	Sur	mme			1 /	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1		

KHR / KG Pflegeprozess in Zusammenarbeit mit dem Ernährungsteam und den Pflegenden der 1. Med. Abteilung / Ernährungs- und Trinkprotokoll





Reduction of food waste -Strategy at the Hospital Hietzing





Why do we need a monitoring system for food waste?



- Milan Urban Food Policy Pact:
 - Convene food system actors to assess and monitor food loss and waste reduction at all stages of the city region food supply chain,
 - Raise awareness of food loss and waste through targeted events and campaigns.
- <u>UN-Agenda 2030 Sustainable Development Goals:</u>
 - By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losse



Resource conservation, Ethics, Sustainability, Economy









Savings effects on the Environmental impact

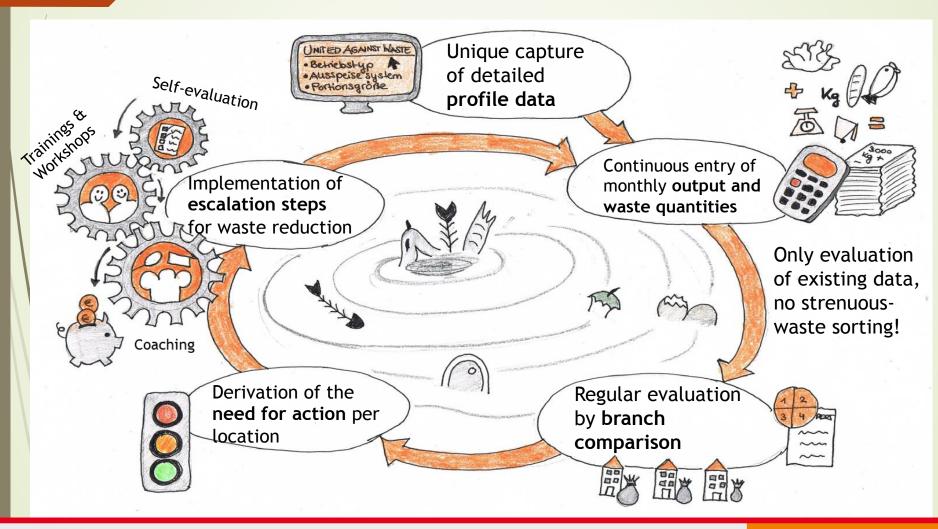
- Previously proven savings:
 - 177.000 kg food waste = ca. 400 Tonnen CO2
- Only through permanent monitoring of food waste at a total of 42 comparison locations 2017 to 2018
- -50% food waste by 2030 would lead to the following savings in the GV (about 3,000 locations):

•	GO ₂	70.000 tons global warming potential (Co2 equivalents)
•	0	4,8 Milliards Liter water
•	②	6,300 Hectares of land use



Waste monitoring for large-scale kitchens: How it works!









Procurement of food - according to "ÖkoKauf"-criteria

- Project "ÖkoKauf Wien" (www.oekokauf.wien.at):
 - It develops standards for sustainable procurement, in all Municipal Departments of Vienna, since 1998
- One of them is the Working group "Food": their Members develop criteria ("tools") for purchase of sustainable produced food - in public institutions of the City of Vienna
- Torgets Working group "Food"
 - Food supply in High-quality
 - kindergartens, schools, hospitals, senior & nursing homes,
 - as well as for their employees (up to 100.000 persons daily)

Internal and external promotion of healthy nutrition
All the activities support: *Protection of Climate and Environment*

Origin: B. Kromp, bioforschung Austria



Indirect impact of "ÖkoKauf" work:

page 17

Propagation of healthy & sustainable nutrition for Viennese people

- Wrong nutrition & lack of movement leads to:
- Increasing overweight of
 - School kids
 - Teenagers:
 - Adults: 40% overweight,
 - AND 12% obese;

The Austrians still eat:

- **Too little** vegetables, fruits & cereal products (whole grain)
- **Too much** meat and meat products, sugar & salt,



Ernährungspyramide des BMG © Bundesministerium für Gesundheit



Actual consumption of food in comparison with the Austrian food pyramid

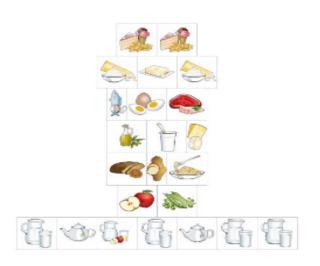
Most of them feed as follows ⇒

(men on the left, women on the average on the right):

www.lhpv.at/pages/viewpage.action?pageId=25002010

Tatsächlicher Verzehr von Lebensmitteln im Vergleich mit der Österreichischen Ernährungspyramide







Overview of current activities VHA

page 19

- Sustainable food plan in all hospitals
- Medium term: increase Implementation of plant-based dishes
- Presentation and information of our activities:
 - inside (employees and patients) and
 - externally (relatives, outpatients, public)
- Process management for the food supply
- Development of an emergency management within the framework of non-clinical risk management
- ../..to be continued

These individual activities and projects aim to strengthen the food supply and support the Sustainability, but nevertheless, as a public institution, we have the task to handle the tax money economically and carefully



Contact:

Christina Schmidt, Kitchen Management Director Vienna Hospital Association Hospital Hietzing with Neurological Center Rosenhügel

Wolkersbergenstraße 1

Austria -1130 Vienna

Phone: +43 1 80110-2211

Mobil phone: +43 664-85 60 873

Email: christina.schmidt@wienkav.at

